## INDIAN STATISTICAL INSTITUTE Probability Theory II: B. Math (Hons.) I Semester II, Academic Year 2016-17 Final Exam

Date: Apr 26, 2017 Total Marks: 60 Duration: 10:00 am - 1:00 pm

- Please write your roll number on top of your answer paper.
- Show all your works and write explanations when needed. If you are using a result stated and/or proved in class, please quote it correctly.
- You are NOT allowed to use class notes, books, homework solutions, list of theorems, formulas etc.
- 1. A continuous random vector (X, Y) has a joint probability density function given by

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} 2/3 & \text{if } x > 0, y > 0, x + y < 1, \\ c & \text{if } x < 1, y < 1, x + y > 1, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) (2 marks) Find c.
- (b) (4 marks) Compute the conditional probability density function of Y given X.
- (c) (3+3 = 6 marks) Calculate E(Y|X) and Var(Y|X).
- 2. Suppose  $(X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_{100}) \sim D(\alpha, \alpha, \ldots, \alpha; \beta)$  (the notation is as used in the class), where  $\alpha \neq \beta$  are positive parameters.
  - (a) (10 marks) Compute, with full justification,  $E\left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{25} X_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{100} X_i}\right)$ .
  - (b) (2 marks) What will be your answer to Part (a) if  $\alpha = \beta$ ?
- 3. Suppose that  $X_1, X_2, \ldots$  are independent and identically distributed random variables having characteristic function  $\phi(t) = \exp\{-|t|^{1.9}\}, t \in \mathbb{R}$  (assume that this is a valid characteristic function).
  - (a) (6 marks) Express the cumulative distribution function of  $S_n := X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n$ ( $n \ge 1$ ) in terms of the cumulative distribution function of  $X_1$ .
  - (b) (6 marks) Find the weak limit of  $n^{-5/9}S_n$  as  $n \to \infty$ .

[P. T. O]

- 4. State whether each of the following statements is true or false. If it is true, give a detailed proof. On the other hand, if it is false, produce a counter-example with full justification. If you both prove and disprove a statement, you will get a zero in that problem.
  - (a) (12 marks)  $Z_n \xrightarrow{\mathbf{P}} Z$  if and only if  $E\left(\frac{|Z_n-Z|}{1+|Z_n-Z|}\right) \to 0$  as  $n \to \infty$ .
  - (b) (12 marks) Let  $X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n$  be i.i.d. standard normal random variables. For  $k = 1, \ldots, n-1$ , define  $Y_k = (\sum_{1}^k X_i kX_{k+1})/\sqrt{k(k+1)}$ . Then  $Y_1, \ldots, Y_{n-1}$  are also i.i.d. standard normal random variables.